



# Cambridge International AS & A Level

**HISTORY**

**9389/22**

Paper 2 Outline Study

**May/June 2021**

**1 hour 30 minutes**

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **two** questions from **one** section only. Answer **both** parts of the questions.
  - Section A: European Option
  - Section B: American Option
  - Section C: International Option
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **4** pages.

**Section A: European Option****Modern Europe, 1789–1917**

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

**1 France, 1789–1814**

(a) Why did French revolutionaries between 1789 and 1795 find it hard to agree on what kind of government they wanted? [10]

(b) 'Napoleon's domestic policies brought great benefits to France.' How far do you agree? [20]

**2 The Industrial Revolution, c.1800–c.1890**

(a) Why was industrial growth rapid in this period? [10]

(b) Assess the importance of international trade to the development of industrialisation in this period. Refer to any **two** countries from Britain, France or Germany in your answer. [20]

**3 The Origins of World War I, 1900–1914**

(a) Why was there a growth in expenditure on armies and navies in this period? [10]

(b) 'Members of the Triple Alliance joined in order to expand their empires.' How far do you agree with this view? [20]

**4 The Russian Revolution, c.1894–1917**

(a) Why was Stolypin unpopular? [10]

(b) 'The Provisional Government lost the support of the army.' How far does this explain its overthrow? [20]

**Section B: American Option****The History of the USA, 1840–1941**

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

**5 The Expansion of US Power from the 1840s to the 1930s**

- (a) Why did American attitudes change towards China between 1911 and 1922? [10]
- (b) 'The policy of "dollar diplomacy" was largely a failure.' How far do you agree? [20]

**6 Civil War and Reconstruction, 1861–1877**

- (a) Why did the North fail to win the Civil War quickly? [10]
- (b) To what extent did the Compromise of 1877 prove that Reconstruction had been successful? [20]

**7 The Gilded Age and the Progressive Era from the 1870s to the 1920s**

- (a) Why did large corporations form in the United States in the late nineteenth century? [10]
- (b) 'Prohibition was the most important aim of the Progressive movement.' How far do you agree? [20]

**8 The Great Crash, the Great Depression and the New Deal, from the 1920s to 1941**

- (a) Why did the New Deal receive criticism from both Left and Right? [10]
- (b) 'The political impact of the Great Crash was as important as the economic impact.' How far do you agree? [20]

**Section C: International Option**  
**International Relations, 1871–1945**

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

**9 International Relations, 1871–1918**

- (a) Why was France isolated in Europe between 1871 and 1894? [10]
- (b) To what extent did the wars in southern Africa in the late nineteenth century reveal the limitations of British power? [20]

**10 International Relations, 1919–1933**

- (a) Why did the failure of the United States to approve the Versailles Settlement cause problems in Europe between 1919 and 1925? [10]
- (b) How far did the Wall Street Crash bring about deterioration in international relations? [20]

**11 International Relations, c.1933–1939**

- (a) Why did Mussolini form the Rome–Berlin Axis with Hitler in 1936? [10]
- (b) How far does military weakness explain Britain's adoption of the policy of appeasement? [20]

**12 China and Japan, 1919–1945**

- (a) Why did Mao emerge as leader of the Chinese Communist Party during the Long March? [10]
- (b) To what extent did the warlords control China between 1916 and 1928? [20]

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